



, „Gewaltprävention im städtischen Raum am Beispiel von Townships in Südafrika“

von

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Violence Prevention through Urban Upgrading



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Management & Engineering



Federal Ministry
for Economic Cooperation
and Development



Violence Prevention through Urban Upgrading



**Africa → South Africa
→ Western Cape → Cape Town**

- African Continent - 57 countries - 1 billion people
- Southern Tip - South Africa - close to 50 million people
- Diverse country - 11 official languages - 9 provinces
- Western Cape - Cape Town - Metro area - 3,7 million people





Beautiful Cape Town

- **Cape Town Municipality - budget 27 billion - 23000 employees**
- **Best run metro in South Africa**
- **7 Consecutive unqualified audits**
- **“Number 1” tourist destination**
- **Events capital of Africa**
- **Let these pictures tell their own story...**



Cape Town by night





A city in
Africa

Parks, environmental management





Informal
trading

Fan Walk, Cape Town – 580 000 people

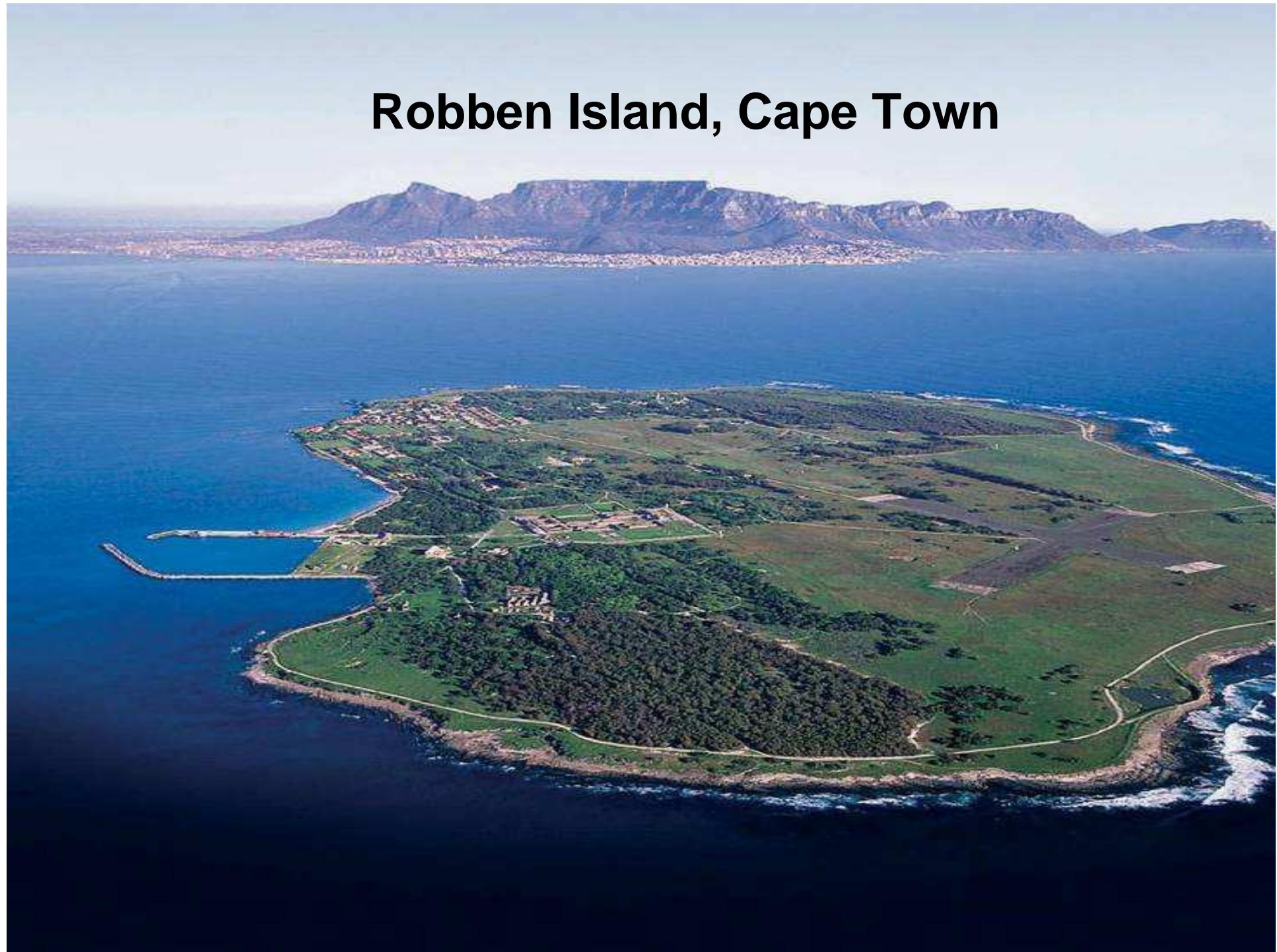


Jeff Ayliffe Images



German fans

Robben Island, Cape Town





.....but what of the other realities

- Unemployment
- Safety & security
- Poverty
- Housing



Some Questions

What has been achieved?

What must still be achieved?

What impact has the programme had on
crime statistic?

Have safety levels increased?

What partners are required to achieve the
desired outcomes?



Städtische Gewaltprävention - die Rolle der KfW

Wer wir sind, wie wir vorgehen

Vortrag beim Deutschen Präventionstag in Oldenburg

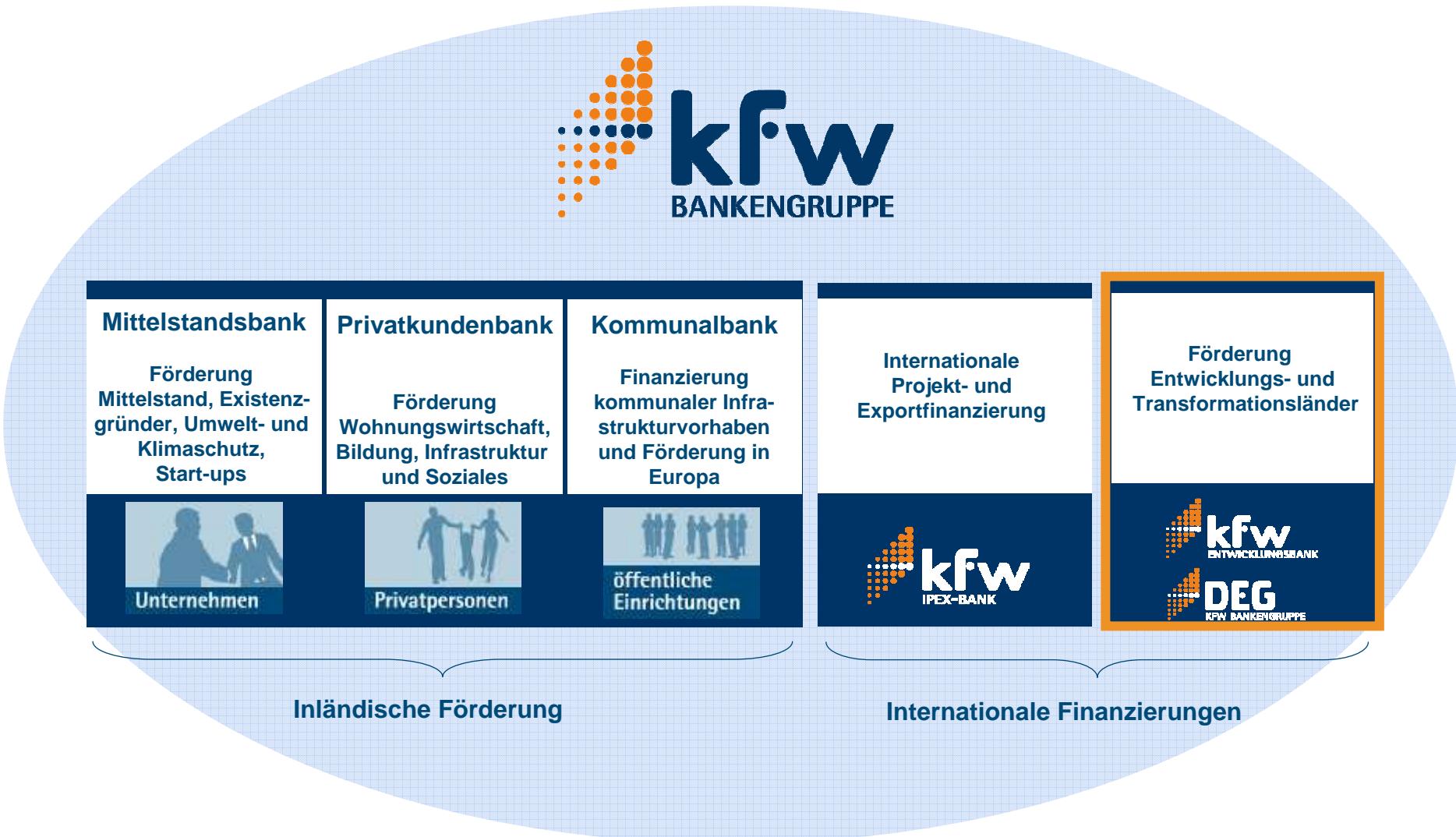
30. Mai 2011

**Wolfgang Theis
KfW Entwicklungsbank
Kompetenzzentrum Frieden und Sicherheit**

Die Zukunftsförderer



Wir sind Teil der KfW Bankengruppe



Unsere Rolle im System der deutschen Entwicklungszusammenarbeit



Politischer
Rahmen

BMZ, BMF, BMU, AA u. a.

Durch-
führung

KfW Entwicklungsbank

Aufgabe:
Förderung von
Reformprozessen und
öffentlichen
Investitionen

- Bereitstellung Kapital
- Begleitende Beratung

Zusammenarbeit mit
staatlichen und
staatlich garantierten
privaten Institutionen

Portfolio 25,5 Mrd. €
577 Mitarbeiter
1800 Projekte

Finanzielle Zusammenarbeit

Unternehmensfinanzierung

Technische und Personelle
Zusammenarbeit

DEG

Aufgabe:
Finanzierung privater
Investitionen in
Entwicklungs- und
Schwellenländern

- Bereitstellung Kapital

Auf- und Ausbau
privatwirtschaftlicher
Strukturen

GIZ

Leistungsfähigkeit von
Menschen und
Organisationen
verbessern

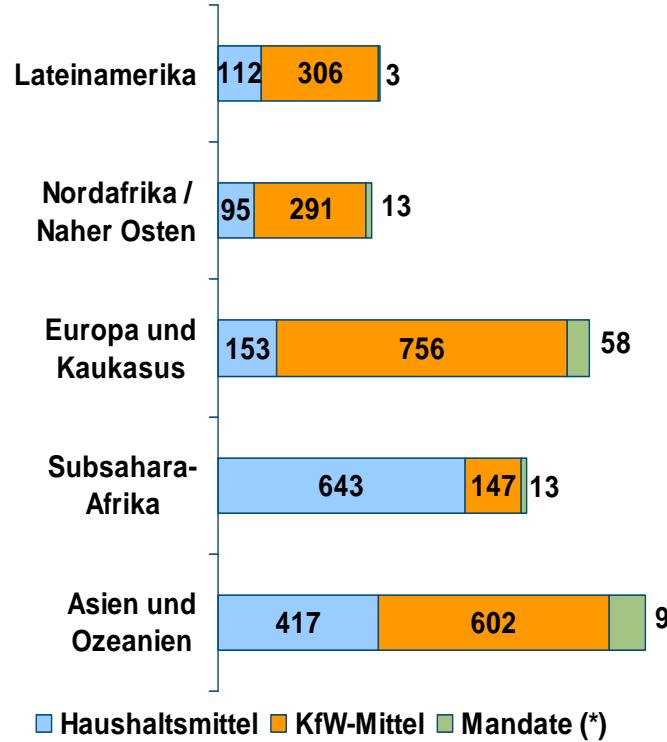
- Bereitstellung Know-how

Wie wir arbeiten

- **Wir beraten** die Bundesregierung und unsere Partner in entwicklungspolitischen Fragen, bei der Umsetzung ihrer Länder- und Schwerpunktstrategien.
- **Wir wirken mit** bei der Auswahl, Vorbereitung und Prüfung von Vorhaben.
- **Wir unterstützen** unsere Partner bei der Durchführung **ihrer** Projekte/Programme.
- **Wir übernehmen Mitverantwortung** für den entwicklungspolitischen Erfolg der Vorhaben.
- **Wir überwachen** die wirksame und effiziente Nutzung der zur Verfügung gestellten Mittel.



FZ-Zusagen 2010 nach Mittelherkunft und Sektoren (in Mio. EUR)



Finanzsektor
18%



Wirtschaftliche Infrastruktur
47%



Soziale Infrastruktur
21%

(*) Ohne Betreuungsmandate in 2010 (10 Mio. EUR)

Finanzielle Zusammenarbeit mit Südafrika



**Gesamtzusagen FZ: EUR 364 Mio.
(1996-2010)**

Gewaltpotential als Entwicklungshemmnis



Südafrikanische Townships: Lehrbuch-Beispiel dafür, wie zyklische d. h. immer wiederkehrende Gewaltausbrüche wirtschaftliche und soziale Entwicklung verhindern. Lokale Konflikte entstehen sowohl aus politischen wie auch aus kriminellen Interessenskollisionen heraus.

Hinzu kommen die Folgen der Apartheid Politik: fehlende Infrastruktur in bestehenden Townships, keine soziale Kohäsion verschiedener Bevölkerungsgruppen, keine Identifikation mit dem Wohnort.

Bevölkerungswachstum durch Zuzug erfolgt schneller als Staat, Provinz und Kommunalbehörden reagieren können

VPUU - Unterstützung durch die KfW Entwicklungsbank



Bundesregierung -- durch KfW -- finanziert

- Infrastruktur mit gewaltpräventiver Wirkung
- Bereitstellung des Social Development Fund
- Beratungsleistungen (Consulting Services)

Mittelherkunft

Mittel aus dem Bundeshaushalt (BMZ): EUR 15,5 Mio.

Südafrikanische Mittel

(Stadt Kapstadt, Finanzministerium.: rd. EUR 36,5 Mio.)

Direkte Wirkung

- Verbesserung der Sicherheitslage im Siedlungsgebiet Khayelitsha;
- Bereitstellung von Infrastruktur und sozialen und kommerziellen Dienstleistungen, die auf Gewaltprävention ausgerichtet sind;
- Stärkung zivilgesellschaftlicher Organisationen;
- Verankerung von Prinzipien gewaltpräventiver Stadtplanung innerhalb der Stadt- und Provinzverwaltung.

Indirekte Wirkungen der deutschen Unterstützung

- * Schaffung zusätzlicher **finanzialer Spielräume** für die Stadt Kapstadt
- * **Wissenstransfer** von erfolgreichen Programmen in anderen Ländern
- * Bringt unterschiedliche **Partner** zusammen: national und international
- * Verbesserte **politische Sichtbarkeit**
- * Enges fachliches und politisches **Monitoring** der Projektergebnisse

Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit...





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Project background



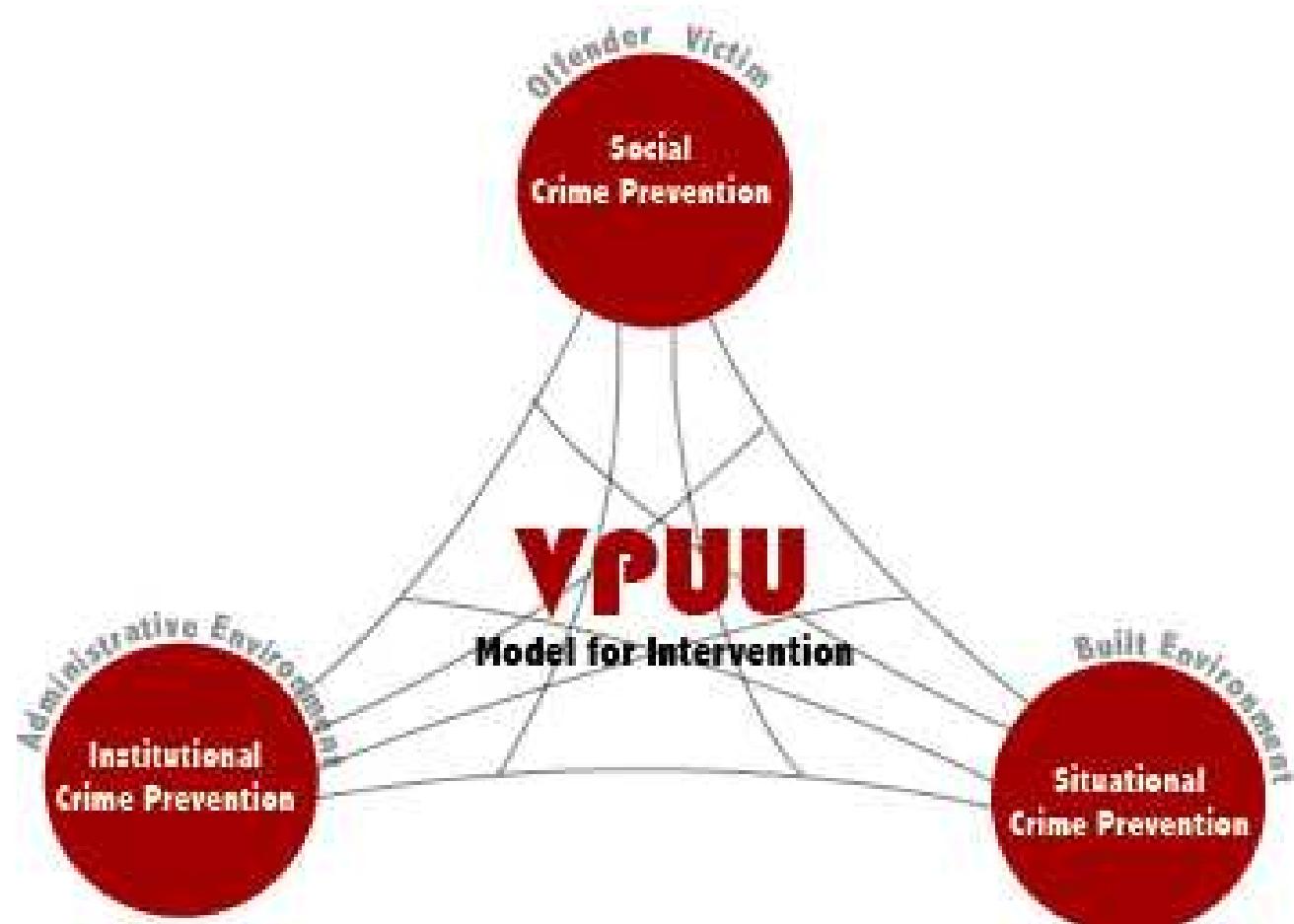
Vision

**Build safe and integrated communities
to overcome the four types of
exclusion**

(Economic, cultural, social, institutional
exclusion)



Strategy



Hybrid Model

Public Health Life Cycle Approach

Early Childhood Interventions

School aged interventions

Economic programmes targeted at youth

Community based social capital

Public awareness models community mobilisation

Community Delivery of Services

Operation and Management on area basis

**CPTED
Community policing
Trad. responses**

Spatial planning strategies

Policing Models
Neighbourhood Watch

Legal and Justice Interventions

Knowledge Management, M&E

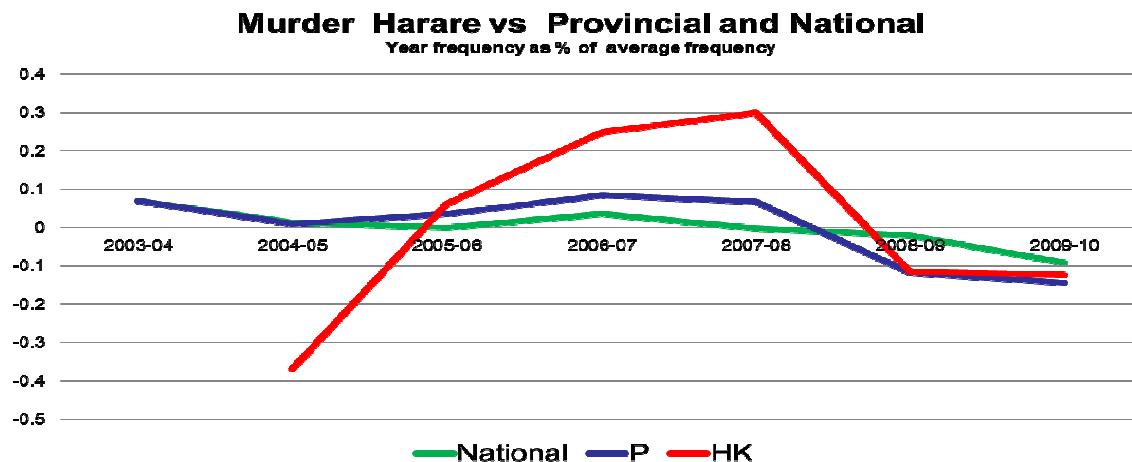
Methodology



From empowerment to negotiated solutions



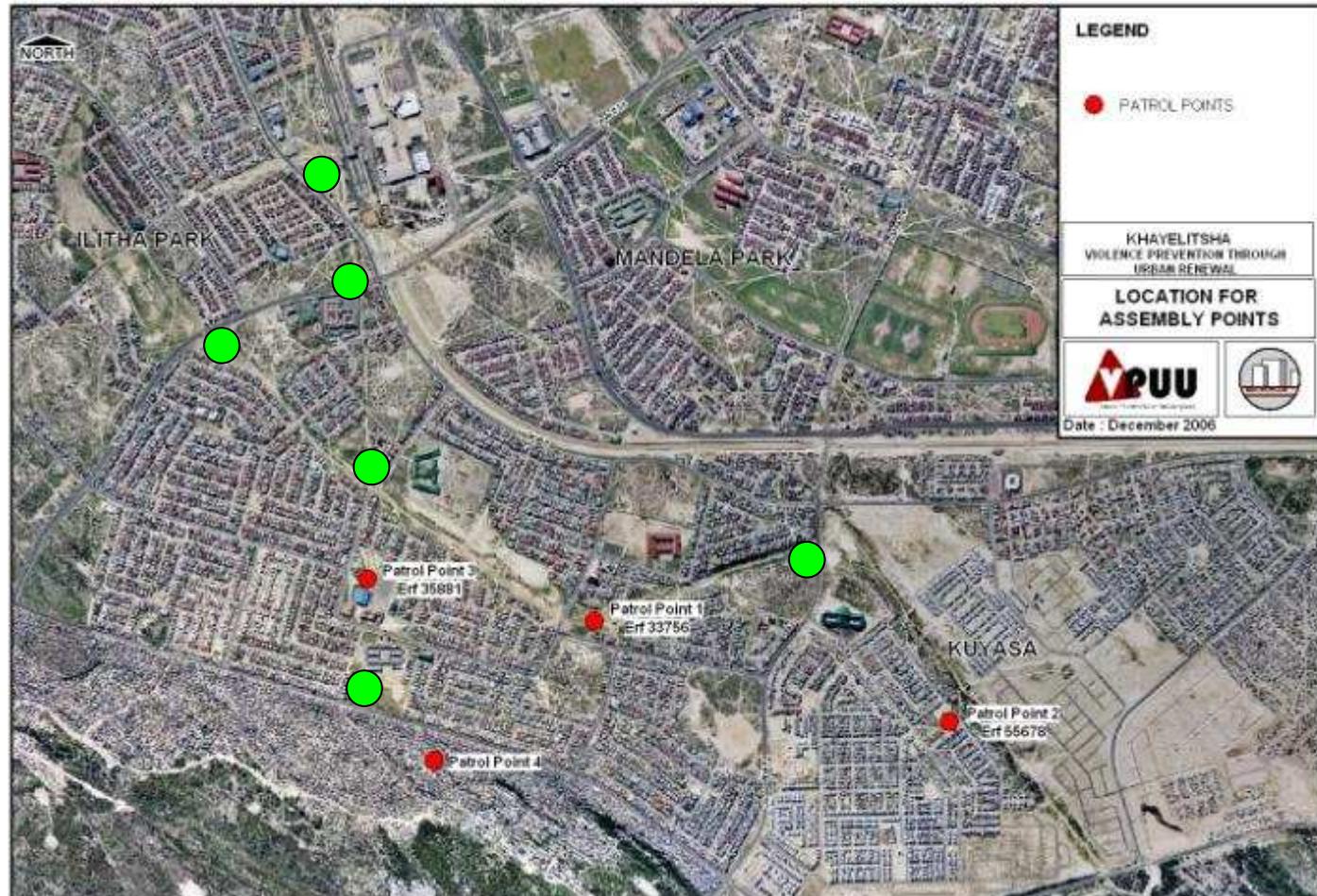
Results



Absolut number of murders minus 33%
Almost no murders in public spaces

- Murder rate per 100.000 : 2003/04 : 75
2009/10 : 46 = 39% reduction
- Deep rooted trust between residents and programme
- Notion of voluntarism as entry gate to skills development and income opportunities accepted
- Operation, Maintenance, Management is used to generate local skills development and income generation

Implementation



Community Action Plan

	Cultural/ Social	Economic	Institutional	Safety & Security	Infrastructure	M & E
Short-term	Youth-related Women Empowerment Sport develop.	Support ECD Strategy	Leadership Training	Formalised neighbourhood watch initiatives	Operation and maintenance of existing toilets	Indicator development for the in-situ programme
Medium-term	Support to reduce gender and youth based violence SDF Projects	Business support	Spatial Reconfiguration Plan	Safe pedestrian crossing over Mew Way	Kick-about field & facility Neighbourhood Centre	Household Survey Monument Photographs
Long-term	Development of youth centre	Bulk buying cooperatives Small-scale manufacturing	Equitable access to community facilities and schools	Improved pedestrian walkways and access routes	Delivery of technical infrastructure	Annual review of CAP and on-going projects



Implementation



URBAN DESIGN PRINCIPLES

- Mix of activities
- Passive surveillance of the public space
- Clear definition of public, semi public, private spaces
- Visual connections
- Ownership
- Community Delivery of Services



Mainstreaming, Institutionalisation

1. Elements of VPUU into CoCT line functions:
 - Urban design Guidelines = Planning
 - ECD Policy implementation as kit of part = social development
 - NHW, voluntarism = Subcouncils, Safety
 - CDS = all utility departments, parks and garden
2. Replicate in other areas
 - Manenberg, Hanover Park, Gugulethu
3. Methodology
 - Informal Settlement Transformation Programme
4. Provincial Strategic Objective 5.4
 - „whole society safety approach“
5. National Outcome 3, 8
 - All people in South Africa are and feel safe
 - Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household life



Preconditions

- Strong leadership in local authority
 - To integrate
 - To provide budgetary allowances
 - Openness to learn and negotiate
- Institutional arrangement on community level
- Strong community leadership
- Methodology, Joint vision, partnership with community
- Integrated and area based approach
- Project manager and facilitator accepted by both local authority and community
- Process of integrity
- Multiple partnerships
- Funders with long term vision



Component KM / M&E

VPUU KM comprises a range of practices to

- identify **(Baseline Survey)**
- create databases **(Dangerous Routes)**
- represent **(Monument Photos)**
- disseminate **(WUF 5 Rio 2010)**
- enable replication **(VPUU Handbook)**

insights and experiences

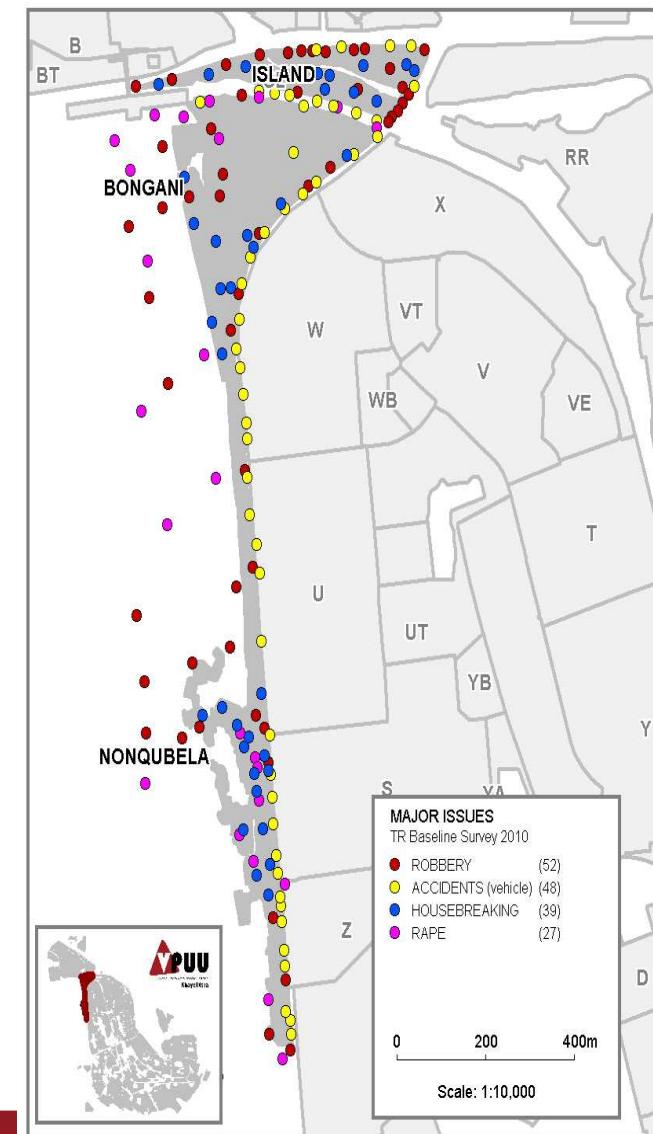
**(comprising knowledge mainly embedded in
organisational processes)**



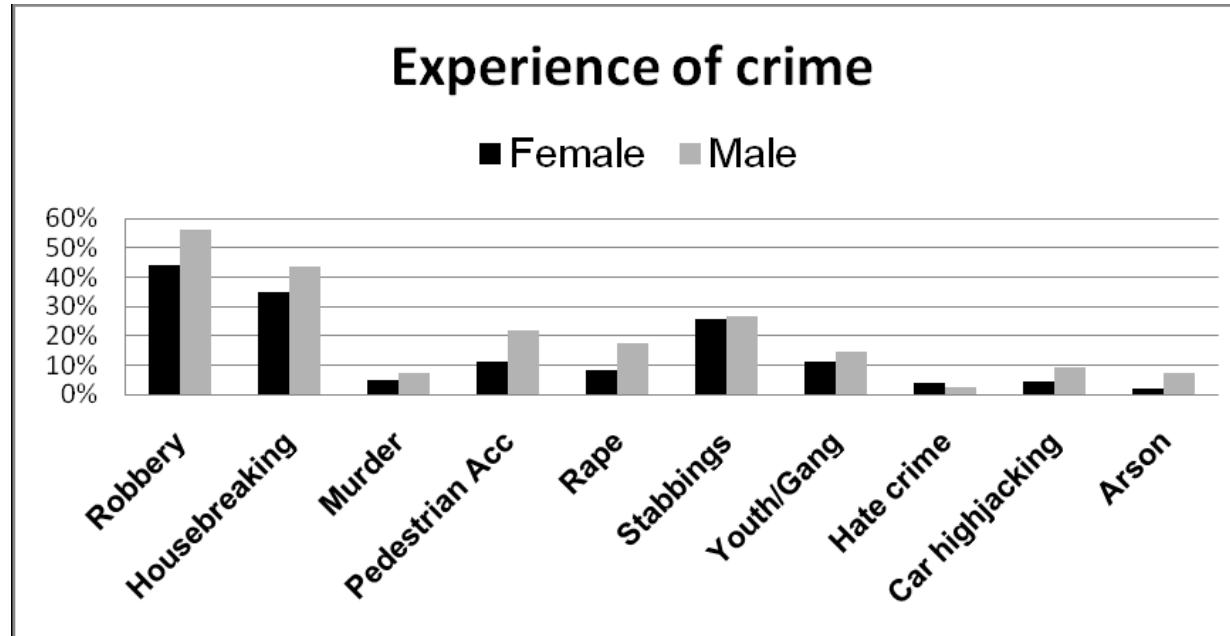
KM Example 1 Baseline Survey

... a population random sample survey (ca. 580 interviews) and as such means the upgrading can start from a position of knowing local conditions, concerns and priorities.

A baseline like this enables any changes that may follow from interventions to be measured.



KM Example 1 Baseline Survey



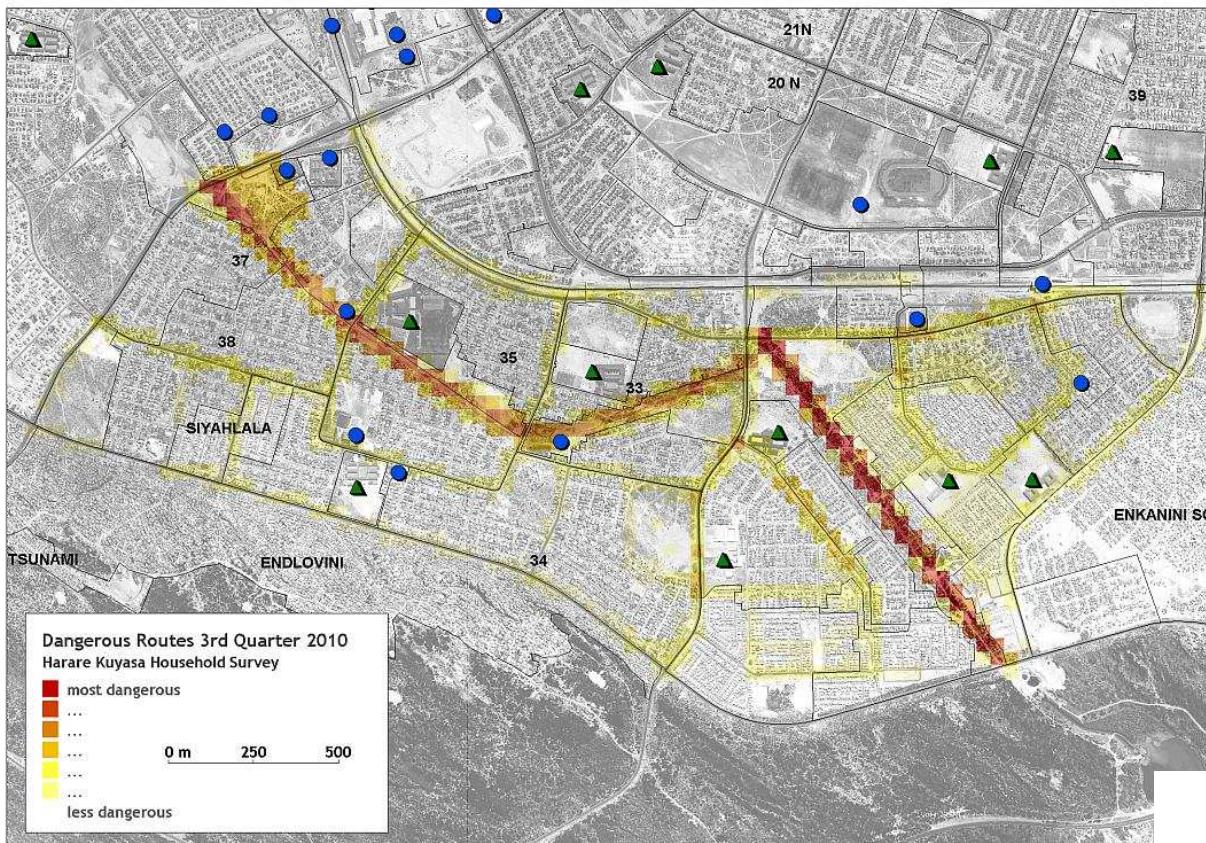
Personal experience of crime over the past 12 months.

50% of men and 40% of women report personal experience of robbery or housebreaking over the past year. The reported victimisation rate for all top 5 crimes is higher among men than among women.



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KM Example 2 Dangerous Routes



Dangerous routes

- identified as part of on-going household survey
- visualised by overlaying a grid which scores cumulative intersections.
- Quarterly updated map distributed to neighbourhood patrol group.
- Info captured by community based survey team using GIS.



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KM Manual Monument Photos



Manual

**How to register
physical changes
and changes in use
of public spaces
over time by a fixed
schedule for digital
pictures (time
series)**



KM Dissemination

VPUU informs:

- IDP of City of Cape Town
- Urbanization Strategy of Cape Town
- Knowledge Management Department of City of Cape Town (and vice versa)
- Provincial Government
- National Department of Human Settlements
- National Treasury NDPG

VPUU, its partners and donors participate actively in:

- 2nd Conference on Development Cooperation Bonn 2009
- ILASA (Landscape Architecture) Award
- Impumelelo Award (Top 25 projects for Sustainable Projects in SA)
- World Urban Forum 5 in Rio de Janeiro March 2010 Best Practise
- Architectural Design Award

KM Example Enable Replication

Proposed Handbook/Tool-box:

Module 1 Social Crime Prevention

Module 2 Situational Crime Prevention

Module 3 Community Participation

Module 4 Operation and Maintenance

Module 5 Integrated Development Planning

Module 6 Knowledge Management



Component KM / M&E

Monitoring & Evaluation consists of

- Log Frame Matrix
- Indicators
- Results-based Monitoring (Benefits)
- Impact Assessments (SDF)
- Audits/ex-post (KfW)

to inform

Project Management, Partners and Donors about
the achievement of agreed overall and project
goals



M&E Example Benefits and Impacts

Indirect Benefits (**Impacts**): Positive primary and secondary long-term effects caused by project interventions, plausibly related to VPUU, directly or indirectly.

Perception of safety in area improved; Police reports less incidents; Police reports move of criminal incidents to other areas, Active Box concept under implementation in Manenberg with funds from NPDG

Attribution gap (e.g changes in police policy, xenophobic attacks, shebeens, drug market etc.)

Direct Benefits: Are expected or achieved short-term or medium-term positive effects through the use of outputs.

People pass through Active Box Area and stay, people come to meetings in Active Box at night, demand for rooms to rent in and around Active Box increases, O+M concept for Active Box used in x other CoCT facilities



M&E Impact assessment: findings

Indicator	Finding	Attribute to SDF
Number of active members	84% had increase	61%
Frequency of activities	21% had increase	78%
Interaction with other projects	70% met new groups	50%
Spaces utilised (dignified)	47% improved space	45%
Range of ages involved	40% wider age range	30%
Self esteem of leaders	91% more confident	80%
Skills development	79% project management, delivery, FR	
Feelings of safety	91% feel safer while busy within projects	
New friendships	83% made 12+ new connections	
Exposure to positive role model	51% met new positive model	
Ethnic integration	24% included foreign nationals	
How local authority is perceived	89% view LA in more favourable light	
What changes were noted	First funder to respond to their level	
	Communicates at community level	
	Fund is accessible, tough and fair	

**Impact assessment
VPUU Social
Development Fund
on Community
Cohesion.**

**Stanford University
21 September 2010**





Thank you
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www.vpuu.org

